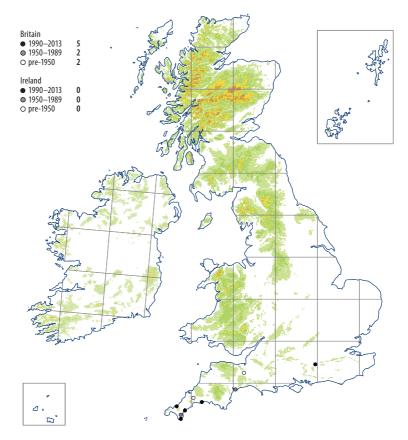
Acaulon mediterraneum



The habitats of this species on bare, base-deficient soil are very similar to those of *Acaulon muticum*, to which it is closely related. In Cornwall it has been recorded from moist bare soil on cliff-top paths and in coastal heathland, on the edge of a wet track, in grassland close to gorse scrub on a south-facing slope trampled by cattle, on thin soil over slaty rocks in a pasture, and on soil on a Cornish 'hedge'. Recorded associates include *Bryum dichotomum*, *Bryum rubens*, *Ephemerum minutissimum*, *Pleuridium acuminatum*, *Pseudephemerum nitidum*, *Tortula truncata* and *Trichodon cylindricus* (Holyoak, 2012). In Devon it was collected from bare places in a field on a coastal headland near Budleigh Salterton (growing with *Ephemerum serratum*), and in Surrey on rabbit-disturbed sandy soil. Only the old record from Somerset is from a fallow field. Altitudinal range: 35–75 m.

Rhizautoicous; capsules are common, mature in winter. Gemmae are unknown. Acaulon mediterraneum has only recently been recognised as distinct from A. muticum in Britain. Hill (1982) drew attention to it but it was not accepted as a distinct taxon until Holyoak (2003a) reassessed British material. It probably remains under-recorded, but its restriction to southern localities may be genuine. Some of the old Irish records of A. muticum s.l. could have been of this species.

Mediterranean-Atlantic. In Europe apparently frequent in the Mediterranean region (but not always distinguished from *A. muticum*), northwards to England; also in southern Sweden. Macaronesia (Canary Islands), N Africa (Morocco). Turkey. Southern Australia.

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